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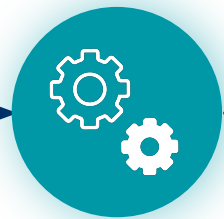
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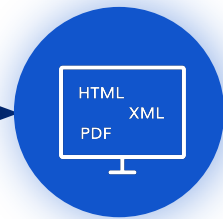
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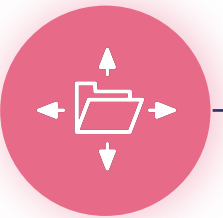
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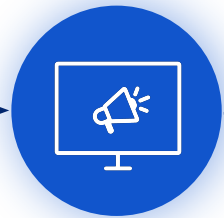
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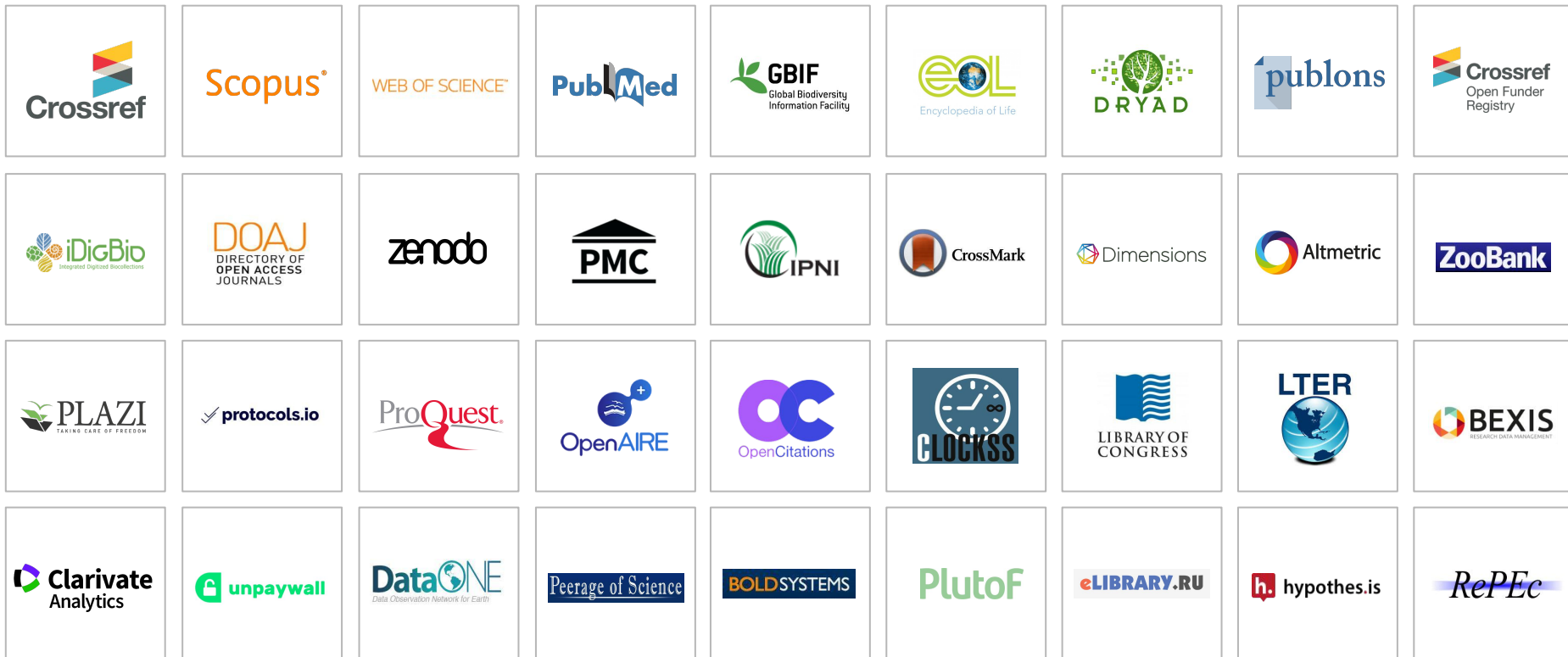


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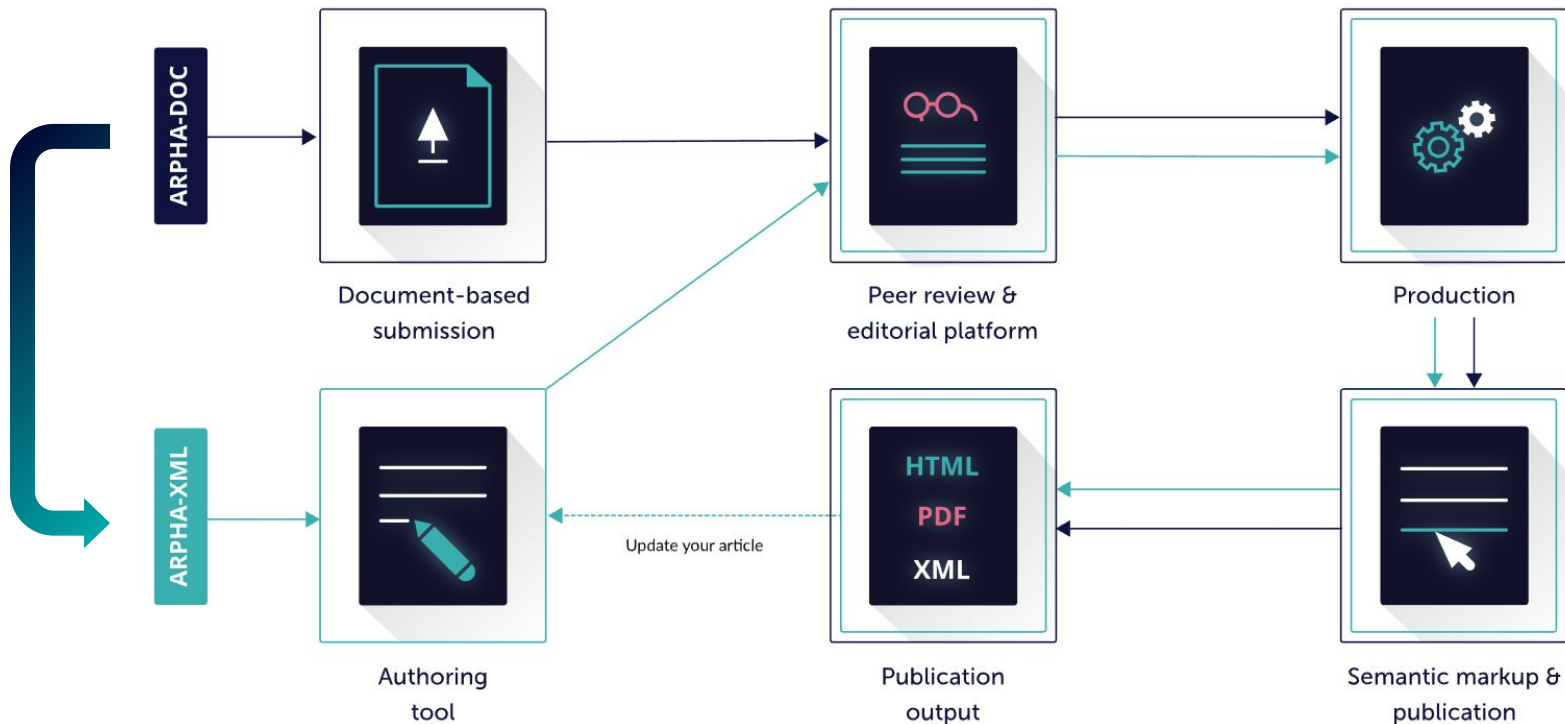
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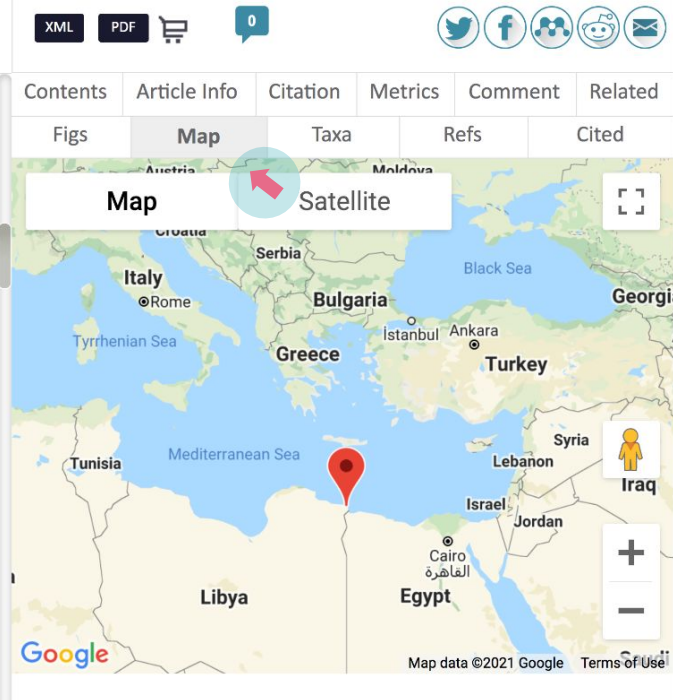
Short Communication

Acta Ichthyologica et Piscatoria 51(1): 113-118
<https://doi.org/10.3897/aiep.51.63504> (31 Mar 2021)

In this study, the record of *A. pharaonis* is documented for the first time in the Libyan waters, being the species not yet reported in recent literature on marine non-indigenous species of the country (Shakman et al. 2019 and references therein; Abdelghani et al. 2020; Bariche et al. 2020; Osea et al. 2020). The locations of the two subsequent findings of *A. pharaonis* described in this paper represent the westernmost Mediterranean area of colonization of this non-indigenous fish along the southern shores of the basin.

Material and methods

On 19 September 2020, a spear fisher submitted photos to the social media citizen science platform for Libyan waters called 'Marine Biology in Libya' (<https://www.facebook.com/MarineBiologyinLibya>) of an unknown fish he had just caught. The catch was made on rocky bottom interrupted by sand at a depth of approximately 1.5 m, along the coast of the Al Burdi (Bardia) region in the far eastern extremity of Libya, not far from the Egyptian border (31°46'45"N, 25°04'40"E) (Fig. 1). The same sports fisher preserved in a freezer the specimen (specimen A), which was retrieved by one of us (SAM), to enable the assessment and measurement of its main morphometric and meristic attributes. Measurements were taken with a caliper to the nearest 0.01 mm, following Bauchot (1987). The sample is stored in formaldehyde solution at the fish collection of the Omar Al-Moukhtar University, El Bayda, Libya. The specimen was identified following Gon (1986, 2000), Gon and Randall (2003), and Golani et al. (2013).



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Short Communication [Acta Ichthyologica et Piscatoria 51\(1\): 113-118](https://doi.org/10.3897/alep.51.63504)
<https://doi.org/10.3897/alep.51.63504> (31 Mar 2021)










Figure 1. [doi](#)
Locations and dates of first records of *Apogonichthoides pharaonis* in the Mediterranean Sea, updated with the two findings in Libyan waters in 2020 (red bullets; A. specimen from Al Burdi; B. specimen from Tobruk).

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Material and methods ▲

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Nixonia masneri van Noort & Johnson, sp. n.

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Figures 1A–F

<http://zoobank.org/?lsid=urn:lsid:zoobank.org:act:51495B19-AA60-4560-AAC6-2EED4110C0ED>

Type material. Holotype male. SOUTH AFRICA, Western Cape, Kogelberg Nature Reserve, 34°16.481'S 19°01.033'E, 16 Jan–16 Feb 2000, S. van Noort, Malaise trap, KO98-M53, Mesic Mountain Fynbos, last burnt c. 1978, SAM-HYM-P025052, OSUC 256956 (SAMC). Paratypes: 2 males, same data SAM-HYM-P025052, OSUC 256940 (SAMC, OSUC); 1 male: South Africa, Northern Cape, Avontuur Farm,

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Comparative Cytogenetics 5(3): 191-210
https://doi.org/10.3892/compcytogen.v5i3.1730

“Darwin’s butterflies”? DNA barcoding and the radiation of the endemic Caribbean butterfly genus *Calisto* (Lepidoptera, Nymphalidae, Satyrinae)

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² Biodiversity Institute of Ontario, University of Guelph, Guelph, ON, Canada N1G 2W1

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Abstract

The genus *Calisto* Hübner, 1823 is the only member of the diverse, global subfamily Satyrinae found in the West Indies, and by far the richest endemic Caribbean butterfly radiation. *Calisto* species occupy an extremely diverse array of habitats, suggestive of adaptive radiation on the scale of other classic examples such as the Galápagos or Darwin’s finches. However, a reliable species classification is a key requisite before further evolutionary or ecological research. An analysis of 111 DNA ‘barcodes’ (655 bp of the mitochondrial gene COI) from 29 putative *Calisto* species represented by 31 putative taxa was therefore conducted to elucidate taxonomic relationships among these often highly cryptic and confusing taxa. The sympatric, morphologically and ecologically similar taxa *Calisto confusa* Lathy, 1899 and *Calisto confusa debarriera* Clench, 1943 proved to be extremely divergent, and we therefore recognize *Calisto debarriera* stat. n. as a distinct species, with *Calisto neiba* Schwartz & Gali, 1984 as a junior synonym **syn. n.** Species status of certain allopatric, morphologically similar sister species has been confirmed: *Calisto hysius* (Godart, 1824) (including its subspecies *Calisto hysius aleoantiocha* Correa et Schwartz, 1986, **stat. n.**), and its former subspecies *Calisto batesi* Michener, 1943 showed a high degree of divergence (above 6%) and should be considered separate species. *Calisto lycena* Bates, 1935/*Calisto crypsa* Gali, 1985/*Calisto franciscoi* Gali, 1985 complex, also showed a high degree of divergence (above 6%), confirming the species status of these taxa. In contrast, our data suggest that the *Calisto grammus* Bates, 1939 species complex (including *Calisto grammus dilemma* González, 1987, *Calisto grammus amazona* González, 1987, **stat. n.**, *Calisto grammus micrommata* Schwartz & Gali, 1984, **stat. n.**, *Calisto grammus dystacta* González, 1987, **stat. n.**, *Calisto grammus phoenix* González, 1987, **stat. n.**, *Calisto grammus sommeri* Schwartz & Gali, 1984, **stat. n.**, and *Calisto grammus micheneri* Clench, 1944, **stat. n.**) should be treated as a single polytypic species, as genetic divergence among sampled populations representing these taxa is low (and stable morphological apomorphies are absent). A widely-distributed pest of sugar cane, *Calisto pulchella* Lathy, 1899 showed higher diversification among isolated populations (3.5%) than expected, hence supporting former separation of this species into two taxa (*pulchella* and *darlingtoni* Clench, 1943), of which the latter might prove to be a separate species rather than subspecies. The taxonomic revisions presented here result in *Calisto* now containing 34 species

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Figure 1. Bayesian inference phylogeny based on 655bp of COI for 111 specimens of the genus *Calisto* (representing ca. 20 species belonging to 26 named taxa), with outgroups of *Eretris* and *Auca* (Nymphalidae: Satyrinae: Prionophilini). The numbers at the nodes indicate posterior probability.

Figure 2. Fragment of the BI tree in Figure 1 with additional information about clades **Clade A:** *Calisto confusa* and *Calisto debarriera* are found allopatrically on two Hispaniolan paleislands; **Clade B:** *Calisto obscura* is a widespread Hispaniolan species. The *Calisto grammus* complex is represented by a number of named populations, mostly but not exclusively found in Cordillera Central; the status of which are revised to subspecies in the present study; **Clade C:** *Calisto archibates* is a local endemic of the southern paleislands; **Clade D:** *Calisto hysius* is a local endemic of the southern paleislands; **Clade E:** *Calisto hysius* is a local endemic of the southern paleislands; **Clade F:** *Calisto nubilus* is a Puerto Rican endemic.

Figure 3. Fragment of the BI tree in Figure 1 with additional information about clades. **Clade A:** *Calisto confusa* and *Calisto debarriera*/*Calisto nubilus* are morphologically similar and sometimes sympatric, though seemingly occupy different elevations; **Clade B:** *Calisto arcais* is an endemic of Cordillera Central’s Valle Nuevo area; **Clade C:** *Calisto chrysorais* is found at high elevations on both southern and northern paleislands; in the refugia associated with climbing bamboo grass *Arthrostyidium*; **Clade D:** *Calisto eleatus* is now found extremely locally in the Cordillera Central; **Clade E:** *Calisto herpiphila* is distributed on Cuba and Bahamas islands; **Clade F:** *Calisto nubilus* is a Puerto Rican endemic.

Figure 4. Fragment of the BI tree in Figure 1 with additional information about clades. The outgroups (*Auca* – bunch grass feeder from the southern Andes; *Eretris* – a bamboo-feeding form from Central and South America) and two basal *Calisto* clades **Clade A:** *Calisto zongis* of Jamaica which is aligned with the Hispaniolan *Calisto robusta* (a rare highly divergent species with an unknown life history) and *Calisto pulchella*, a well-known sugar cane pest (the native host plant is unknown) **Clade B:** *Calisto tosaora* (from the highlands of Cordillera Central) which feeds on *Dorritonia domingensis* bunch grass and *Calisto* of the *Icycaea* group



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“Darwin’s butterflies”? DNA barcoding and the radiation of the endemic Caribbean butterfly genus *Calisto* (Lepidoptera, Nymphalidae, Satyrinae)

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Abstract

The genus *Calisto* Hübner, 1823 is the only member of the diverse, global subfamily Satyrinae found in the West Indies, and by far the richest endemic Caribbean butterfly radiation. *Calisto* species occupy an extremely diverse array of habitats, suggestive of adaptive radiation on the scale of other classic examples such as the Galápagos or Darwin’s finches. However, a reliable species classification is a key requisite before further evolutionary or ecological research. An analysis of 111 DNA ‘barcodes’ (655 bp of the mitochondrial gene COI) from 29 putative *Calisto* species represented by 31 putative taxa was therefore conducted to elucidate taxonomic relationships among these often highly cryptic and confusing taxa. The sympatric, morphologically and ecologically similar taxa *Calisto confusa* Lathy, 1899 and *Calisto confusa debarriera* Clench, 1943 proved to be extremely divergent, and we therefore recognize *Calisto debarriera* stat. n. as a distinct species, with *Calisto neiba* Schwartz & Gali, 1984 as a junior synonym **syn. n.** Species status of certain allopatric, morphologically similar sister species has been confirmed: *Calisto hysius* (Godart, 1824) (including its subspecies *Calisto hysius aleoantiocha* Correa et Schwartz, 1986, **stat. n.**), and its former subspecies *Calisto batesi* Michener, 1943 showed a high degree of divergence (above 6%) and should be considered separate species. *Calisto lycena* Bates, 1935/*Calisto crypsa* Gali, 1985/*Calisto franciscoi* Gali, 1985 complex, also showed a high degree of divergence (above 6%), confirming the species status of these taxa. In contrast, our data suggest that the *Calisto grammus* Bates, 1939 species complex (including *Calisto grammus dilemma* González, 1987, *Calisto grammus amazona* González, 1987, **stat. n.**, *Calisto grammus micrommata* Schwartz & Gali, 1984, **stat. n.**, *Calisto grammus dystacta* González, 1987, **stat. n.**, *Calisto grammus phoenix* González, 1987, **stat. n.**, *Calisto grammus sommeri* Schwartz & Gali, 1984, **stat. n.**, and *Calisto grammus micheneri* Clench, 1944, **stat. n.**) should be treated as a single polytypic species, as genetic divergence among sampled populations representing these taxa is low (and stable morphological apomorphies are absent). A widely-distributed pest of sugar cane, *Calisto pulchella* Lathy, 1899 showed higher diversification among isolated populations (3.5%) than expected, hence supporting former separation of this species into two taxa (*pulchella* and *darlingtoni* Clench, 1943), of

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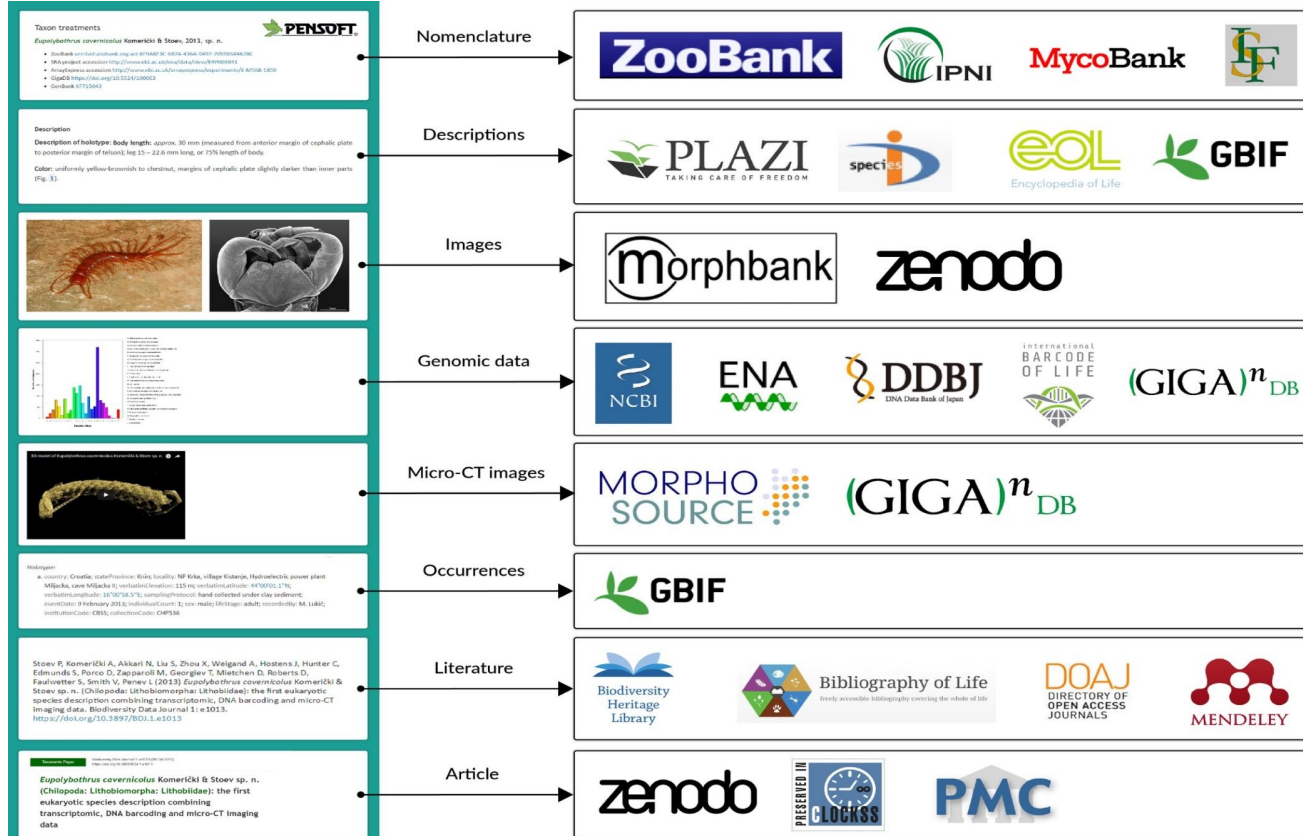
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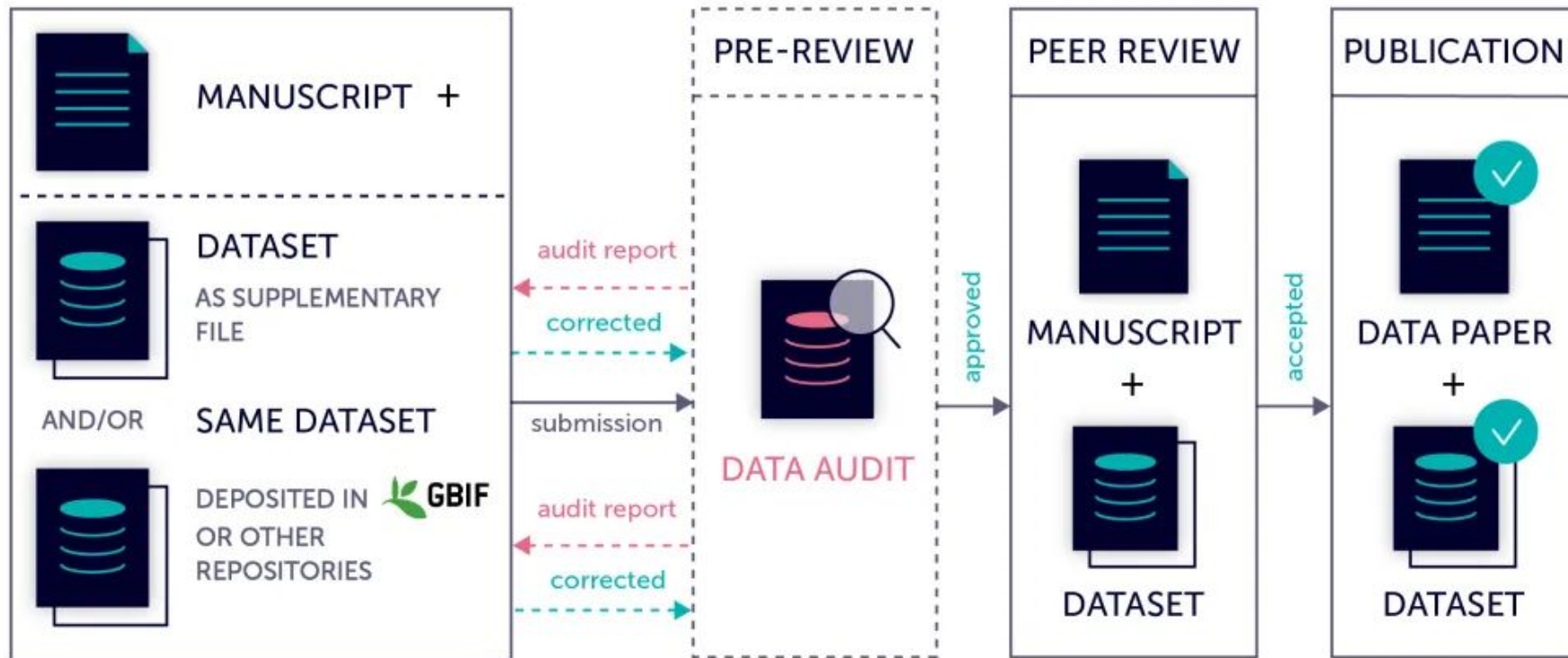
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Публикация данных: Встроенные видео и 3D модели

Taxonomic Paper Biodiversity Data Journal 1: e1013 (28 Oct 2013)
<https://doi.org/10.3897/BDJ.1.e1013>








model was converted into an AVI file, using the flight recorder of CTVOx, and disseminated, along with the video of the living specimen (Fig. 22) through YouTube. According to [Faulwetter et al. \(2013\)](#), a 'cybertype' should be linked to the original type material and be retrievable and freely accessible. We comply with these requirements by a) including a set of Darwin Core files along with the deposited volumetric data which describe the attributes and deposition of the physical type material and b) using a CCZero license and rich metadata to make the "cybertype" retrievable and reusable. Furthermore, through the same set of Darwin Core files, the morphological data are also linked to the transcriptomic data at GigaDB, effectively extending the 'cybertype' concept and providing direct links to other data describing type material of the same species.

3D model of *Eupolybothrus cavernicolus* Komerički & Stoev sp. n.  





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Figure 21.
Eupolybothrus cavernicolus Komerički & Stoev sp. n., paratype, 3D model, volume rendering, created with CTVOx, virtual rotation and dissection. Movie available at: YouTube.

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Data Paper Biodiversity Data Journal 6: e24375
https://doi.org/10.3897/BDJ.6.e24375

Dataset of long-term monitoring of ground-dwelling ants (Hymenoptera: Formicidae) in the influence areas of a hydroelectric power plant on the Madeira River in the Amazon Basin

Itanna O. Fernandes, Jorge L.P. de Souza

Abstract

Background

Biodiversity loss is accelerating rapidly in response to increasing human influence on the Earth's natural ecosystems. One way to overcome this problem is by focusing on places of human interest and monitoring the changes and impacts on the biodiversity. This study was conducted at six sites within the influence area of the Santo Antônio Hydroelectric Power Plant in the margins of the Madeira River in Rondônia State. The sites cover a latitudinal gradient of approximately 100 km in the Brazilian Amazon Basin. The sampling design included six sampling modules with six plots (transects) each, totaling 30 sampling plots. The transects were distributed with 0 km, 0.5 km, 1 km, 2 km, 3 km and 4 km, measured perpendicularly from the river margin towards the interior of the forest. For sampling the ground-dwelling ants, the study used the ALL (ants of the leaf litter) protocol, which is standardized globally in the inventories of ant fauna. For the purpose of impact indicators, the first two campaigns (September 2011 to November 2011) were carried out in the pre-filling period, while campaigns 3 to 10 (February 2012 to November 2014) were carried out during and after the filling of the hydroelectric reservoir. A total of 253 events with a total of 9,165 occurrences were accounted during the monitoring. The ants were distributed in 10 subfamilies, 68 genera and 324 species/morphospecies. The impact on ant biodiversity during the periods before and after filling was measured by ecological indicators and by the presence and absence of some species/morphospecies. This is the first study, as far as we know, including taxonomic and ecological treatment to monitor the impact of a hydroelectric power plant on ant fauna.

New information

Until recently, most studies conducted on hydroelectric plants, located in the Amazon Basin, were carried out after the implementation of dams in order to assess their impacts on the environment and biodiversity (Benchimol and Peres 2015, Latruesse et al. 2017, Sá Oliveira et al. 2015). Recent studies on dam impacts have begun to be conducted prior to dam implementation (e.g. Bobrowiec and Tavares 2017, Fraga et al. 2014, Moser et al. 2014), thus providing a better overview of the impact and a better assessment of its magnitude.

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Fernandes, Itanna, de Souza, Jorge

Figure 2 Sample from 1 m² leaf litter of each sampling plot located at 50 m intervals along the transect and mesh sieve used to separate the leaves from the invertebrates.

Preview



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Keywords(s): Formicidae, Biodiversity, species occurrence, standardized sampling protocol, tropical forest.
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Single Taxon Treatment

Biodiversity Data Journal 9: e58009
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Detailed description and illustration of larva, pupa and imago of *Holorusia mikado*

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Data Paper

Biodiversity Data Journal 9: e63290
<https://doi.org/10.3897/BDJ.9.e63290> (17 Mar 2021)

Distribution of testate amoebae in bryophyte communities in São Miguel Island (Azores Archipelago)

▼ Martin Souto Souto, Vítor Gonçalves, Xabier Pontevedra-Pombal, Pedro M. Raposoiro

Abstract ▲

Background

Testate amoebae are a polyphyletic group of protists living preferentially in soils, freshwaters and wetlands. These Protozoa have a worldwide distribution, but their presence and diversity in the Azores (a remote oceanic archipelago) is poorly known, with only twelve taxa recorded so far. The published information reflects occasional collections from sporadic field visits from naturalists to São Miguel Island, mainly in the nineteenth century. To overcome this limitation, a standardised survey was carried out on the Island, sampling different types of habitats from several localities to provide the distribution and information on species ecology of testate amoebae.

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Table 1. Historical records of testate amoebae from Azores Archipelago. Download as CSV XLSX

Table 2. Habitat characteristics and location of the sixteen studied localities in São Miguel. Download as CSV XLSX

Различные метрики в режиме реального времени

Research Article Zootaxa 324: 1-83
<https://doi.org/10.3897/zootaxa.324.5827> (15 Aug 2013)

Taxonomic revision of the olingos (*Bassaricyon*), with description of a new species, the Olinguito

Kristofer M. Helgen ^{1,†}, C. Miguel Pinto ^{2,3,4,5,‡}, Roland Kays ^{6,7,8,§}, Lauren E. Helgen ^{1,1}, Mirian T. N. Tsuchiya ^{1,9,10,¶}, Aleta Quinn ^{1,11,‡}, Don E. Wilson ^{1,††}, Jesús E. Maldonado ^{1,10,‡‡}


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- 6 North Carolina Museum of Natural Sciences, 11 West Jones Street, Raleigh, NC, 27601, USA
- 7 Fisheries, Wildlife & Conservation Program, North Carolina State University, Raleigh, NC, 27695, USA
- 8 Smithsonian Tropical Research Institute, Balboa Ancón, Republic of Panamá
- 9 Department of Environmental Science & Policy, George Mason University, Fairfax, VA, 22030 USA
- 10 Center for Conservation and Evolutionary Genetics, Smithsonian Conservation Biology Institute, National Zoological Park, Washington, DC 20008, USA
- 11 Department of History and Philosophy of Science, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, PA, 15260, USA

† <http://zoobank.org/66786588-E7AF-4A97-6189-8A31367C7975>
 ‡ <http://zoobank.org/473217A8-3902-4895-89D2-28FC4452DCD1>
 § <http://zoobank.org/12018BFE-6422-418F-8923-4EB489CFB9C9>
 ¶ <http://zoobank.org/D78E4F09-4ED6-46F7-AF36-7C28B0329385>
 †† <http://zoobank.org/80A3E87F-4C7A-4B66-AEE4-1E4DC4058C7A>
 ‡‡ <http://zoobank.org/EF31DAB-24A2-4F53-B6AE-8A883CF5328A>
 ††† <http://zoobank.org/C3AB3F54-C11A-4A68-8D26-4439C82B956F>
 ‡‡‡ <http://zoobank.org/0C8F5D72-8C0A-489C-A148-8762884860FC>

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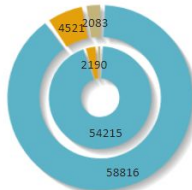
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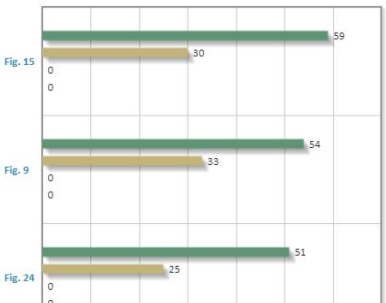


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Monograph ZooKeys 560: 1-340
<https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.560.6264> (04 Feb 2016)

Taxonomic revision of the tarantula genus *Aphonopelma* Pocock, 1901 (Araneae, Mygalomorphae, Theraphosidae) within the United States

Chris A. Hamilton, Brent E. Hendrixson, Jason E. Bond

Abstract

This systematic study documents the taxonomy, diversity, and distribution of the tarantula spider genus *Aphonopelma* Pocock, 1901 within the United States. By employing phylogenomic, morphological, and geospatial data, we evaluated all 55 nominal species in the United States to examine the evolutionary history of *Aphonopelma* and the group's taxonomy by implementing an integrative approach to species delimitation. Based on our analyses, we now recognize only 29 distinct species in the United States. We propose 33 new synonymies (*A. apacheum*, *A. minchi*, *A. rothi*, *A. schmidt*, *A. stahnkei* = *A. chalcodes*; *A. arnoldi* = *A. armada*; *A. behlei*, *A. vogelae* = *A. marxi*; *A. breenei* = *A. anax*; *A. chambersi*, *A. clarum*, *A. cryptethum*, *A. sandersoni*, *A. sullivan* = *A. eutylenum*; *A. clarki*, *A. coloradanum*, *A. echinum*, *A. gurleyi*, *A. harlingenum*, *A. odelli*, *A. waconum*, *A. wichitanum* = *A. hentzi*; *A. heterops* = *A. moderatum*; *A. jungi*, *A. punzoi* = *A. vorhiesi*; *A.*

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Crossref (36) Cited-by Linking Scopus (42) Europe PMC

David Ortiz, Oscar F. Francke, Jason E. Bond (2018)
A tangle of forms and phylogeny: Extensive morphological homoplasy and molecular clock heterogeneity in *Bonnetina* and related tarantulas. *Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution* 127: 55.
 DOI: [10.1016/j.ympev.2018.05.013](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ympev.2018.05.013)

James Starrett, Shahan Derkarabetian, Marshal Hedin, Robert W. Bryson, John E. McCormack, Brant C. Faircloth (2017)
High phylogenetic utility of an ultraconserved element probe set designed for Arachnida. *Molecular Ecology Resources* 17: 812.
 DOI: [10.1111/1755-0998.12621](https://doi.org/10.1111/1755-0998.12621)

Alejandro Valdez-Mondragón, Claudia I. Navarro-Rodríguez, Karen P. Solís-Catalán, Mayra R. Cortez-Roldán, Alma R. Juárez-Sánchez (2019)
Under an integrative taxonomic approach: the description of a new species of the genus *Loxosceles* (Araneae, Sicariidae) from Mexico City. *ZooKeys* 892: 93.
 DOI: [10.3897/zookeys.892.39558](https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.892.39558)

Рецензии и аннотации после публикации

The screenshot displays the RIO website interface. At the top, the RIO logo is on the left, and navigation links (Home, Articles, About, About Pensoft, Books, Journals, Blog) and user options (Register | Login) are on the right. Below the header, a teal 'Review Article' button is visible, along with the article title and DOI: <https://doi.org/10.3897/rio.3.e20860> (11 Sep 2017). A red 'Reviewed v1' badge is present. The article title is 'A review of biodiversity-related issues and challenges in megadiverse Indonesia and other Southeast Asian countries'. The authors listed are Kristina von Rintelen, Evy Arida, and Christoph Häuser. The abstract begins with 'Indonesia is one of the ten member states of the economically and politically diverse regional organization of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN)'. On the right side of the page, a navigation menu includes 'Contents', 'Article Info', 'Citation', 'Metrics', 'Reviews' (with a red notification bubble), and 'Related'. Below this, a 'Figs' tab is active, showing a review card for Dasapta Erwin Irawan, dated 19:53 on 11 Oct. 2019. The review card includes a citation: 'Irawan D (2021) Review of: A review of biodiversity-related issues and challenges in megadiverse Indonesia and other Southeast Asian countries. Research Ideas and Outcomes 3: e20860. doi: 10.3897/rio.3.e20860.r151965'. Below the review card, a 'Review Form' section contains 'Questions & Answers' with several questions and their corresponding 'Yes' or 'No' answers.

This close-up shows a review card for Dasapta Erwin Irawan, dated 19:53 on 11 Oct. 2019. The card includes a citation: 'Irawan D (2021) Review of: A review of biodiversity-related issues and challenges in megadiverse Indonesia and other Southeast Asian countries. Research Ideas and Outcomes 3: e20860. doi: 10.3897/rio.3.e20860.r151965'. Below the card, a 'Review Form' section contains 'Questions & Answers' with the following questions and answers:

Question	Answer
Does the manuscript conform to the focus and scope of this journal?	Yes
Does the manuscript contain unpublishable, for example fraudulent or pseudoscience, content?	No

Услуги по продвижению и научной коммуникации

Home / News / Senckenberg Nature Research Society Moves Three Of Its Journals To The ARPHA Platform



Senckenberg Nature Research Society moves three of its journals to the ARPHA Platform - April 9, 2021

The Senckenberg Nature Research Society, one of the largest natural research associations in Germany, has moved three of its international, open-access scholarly journals to the publishing platform ARPHA, following a recent contract with the scientific publisher and technology provider [Pensoft](#).

Having opted for the white-label publishing solution, the journals remain under the brand of the Society and the Senckenberg Natural History Collections Dresden, one of the oldest natural-science museums in the world. Despite transitioning to a new platform, the past volumes of the journals remain accessible from a link on their website homepages.

Following their recent move to the Pensoft-developed publishing platform, the journals - Arthropod Systematics & Phylogeny, Vertebrate Zoology and Geologica Saxonica - have not only acquired their own glossy and user-friendly websites, but have also taken advantage from ARPHA's signature fast-track, end-to-end publishing system, which is to benefit all journal users: authors, reviewers and editors alike. In addition, the journals are already using many of the unique services offered by ARPHA, including publication in PDF, semantically enhanced HTML and machine-readable XML formats; advanced data publishing; sub-article-level usage metrics; automated export of sub-article elements and data to key aggregators; web-service integrations with major indexing and archiving databases; and others.

ARPHA @ARPHApatform · May 11, 2020

Welcome to the second journal by @AmsterdamUPress on #ARPHA!
Brand new OA Journal of European #Landscapes finally provides a platform for comparative & cross-boundary landscape research 🌍

More: eurekalert.org/pub_releases/2...
First issue: journalofeuropeanlandscapes.eu/issue/2875/ #LandscapeEcology

JOURNAL OF EUROPEAN LANDSCAPES

IALE: Europe and 8 others

BDJournal @BioDataJournal

Description of a **#newspecies** of caddisfly microendemic to an area in Kosovo 🇷🇸 that's already an important hotspot of caddisfly **#biodiversity**. P.S. Wait till you hear hear what it's called!

#trichoptera #entomology #taxonomy

Taxonomic paper: doi.org/10.3897/BDJ.9...

Pensoft Publishers

Published by Iva Kostadinova · May 11 at 1:30 PM

Awesome to see celebrities excited about new species named after them! Lovely way for scientists & idols to praise biodiversity! 🌍 This time around, it's **Novak Djokovic** happy about his new 🐌 namesake, recently described in our journal *Subterranean Biology*.

<https://www.atptour.com/en/news/djokovic-snail-april-2021> via ATP Tour

ATPTOUR.COM

New Snail Species Named After Novak Djokovic: 'I Always Tried To Be Fast!' | ATP Tour | Tennis

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NEWS RELEASE 15-APR-2021

Novak Djokovic now has a tiny new snail species named after him

PENSOFT PUBLISHERS

Research News

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Do freshwater snails make good tennis players? One of them certainly has the name for it.

Enter Travunijana Djokovici, a new species of aquatic snail named after famous Serbian tennis player Novak Djokovic.

Slovak biospeleologist Jozef Grego and Montenegrin zoologist Vladimir Pestic of the University of Montenegro discovered the new snail in a karstic spring near Podgorica, the capital of Montenegro, during a field trip in April 2019. Their [scientific article](#), published in the open-access, peer-reviewed journal *Subterranean Biology*, says they named it after Djokovic "to acknowledge his inspiring enthusiasm and energy."

"To discover some of the world's rarest animals that inhabit the unique underground habitats of the Dinaric karst, to reach inaccessible cave and spring habitats and for the restless work during processing of the collected material, you need Novak's energy and enthusiasm," the researchers explain.

IMAGE: THE TYPE LOCALITY WHERE THE NEW SPECIES TAVUNIJANA DJOKOVICI WAS FOUND [view more >](#)

CREDIT: JOZEF GREGO

Услуги по продвижению и научной коммуникации



Slow-vak Djokovic - check out the snail named after a tennis star

A newly discovered rare species of snail has been named after tennis pro, Novak Djokovic but he's not the only celeb to have a creature named after them. Check out these pics.

Novak Djokovic is known for his relentless speed on the court, so it might be a surprise to hear that one of the world's slowest creatures has been named after the tennis pro. The new species was discovered in Montenegro and has been named 'Trawunijana Djokovici'. The little mollusc was spotted at a spring near the country's capital Podgorica and has been classed as vulnerable according to the International Union for Conservation of Nature's (IUCN) Red List of Threatened Species. The scientists who found it said they named the freshwater snail species after Djokovic 'to



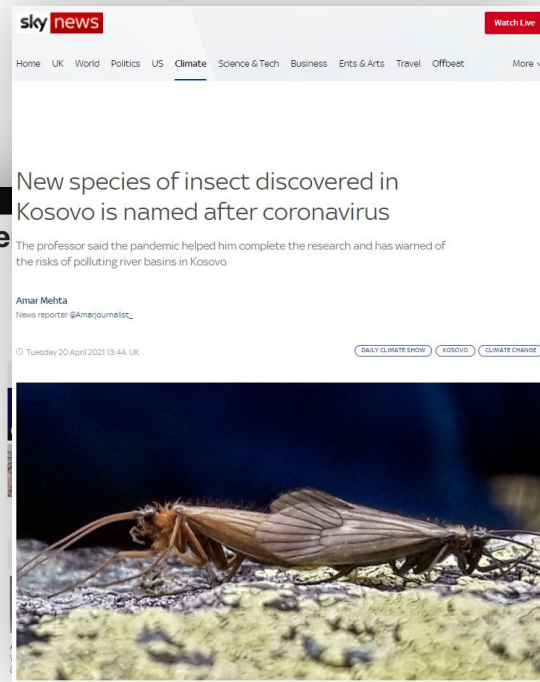
Mysterious, new tarantula-like spider identified in Florida Everglades



By Christina Zdanowicz, CNN
Updated 2222 GMT (0622 HKT) May 3, 2021



Meet the Pine Rockland Trapdoor Spider, who was recently identified in Florida.



New species of insect discovered in Kosovo is named after coronavirus

The professor said the pandemic helped him complete the research and has warned of the risks of polluting river basins in Kosovo.

Amar Mehta
News reporter: @Amarjournalist_

Tuesday 20 April 2021 13:44, UK

DAILY CLIMATE SHOW KOSOVO CLIMATE CHANGE



Инструкции в каждом уведомлении по email

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From Bill Eschmeyer <weschmeyer@calacademy.org> ☆

Subject **Re: [ZooKeys] Manuscript #21729: Review Invitation REMINDER**

To ZooKeys <zookeys@pensoft.net> ☆

11/25/2017 4:51 AM

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On Friday, November 24, 2017, ZooKeys <zookeys@pensoft.net> wrote:

Dear Dr William Eschmeyer:

This is a gentle reminder regarding a review invitation for manuscript #21729 "[Revision of the deepwater flathead genus *Parabembras* \(Teleostei: Parabembridae\), with the description of a new species from the western Pacific](#)" by Yoshiaki KAI, Ronald Fricke, submitted to ZooKeys. The subject editor for this manuscript is [Dr Sven Kullander](#).

Please confirm or decline the review invitation within 3 days, by 28/11/2017.

After looking at the manuscript through the above link, you may accept or decline to review it by the simple clicking of a button. Should your decision be positive, we shall be expecting your review within 21 days. Please kindly inform us, if you need more time for evaluation.

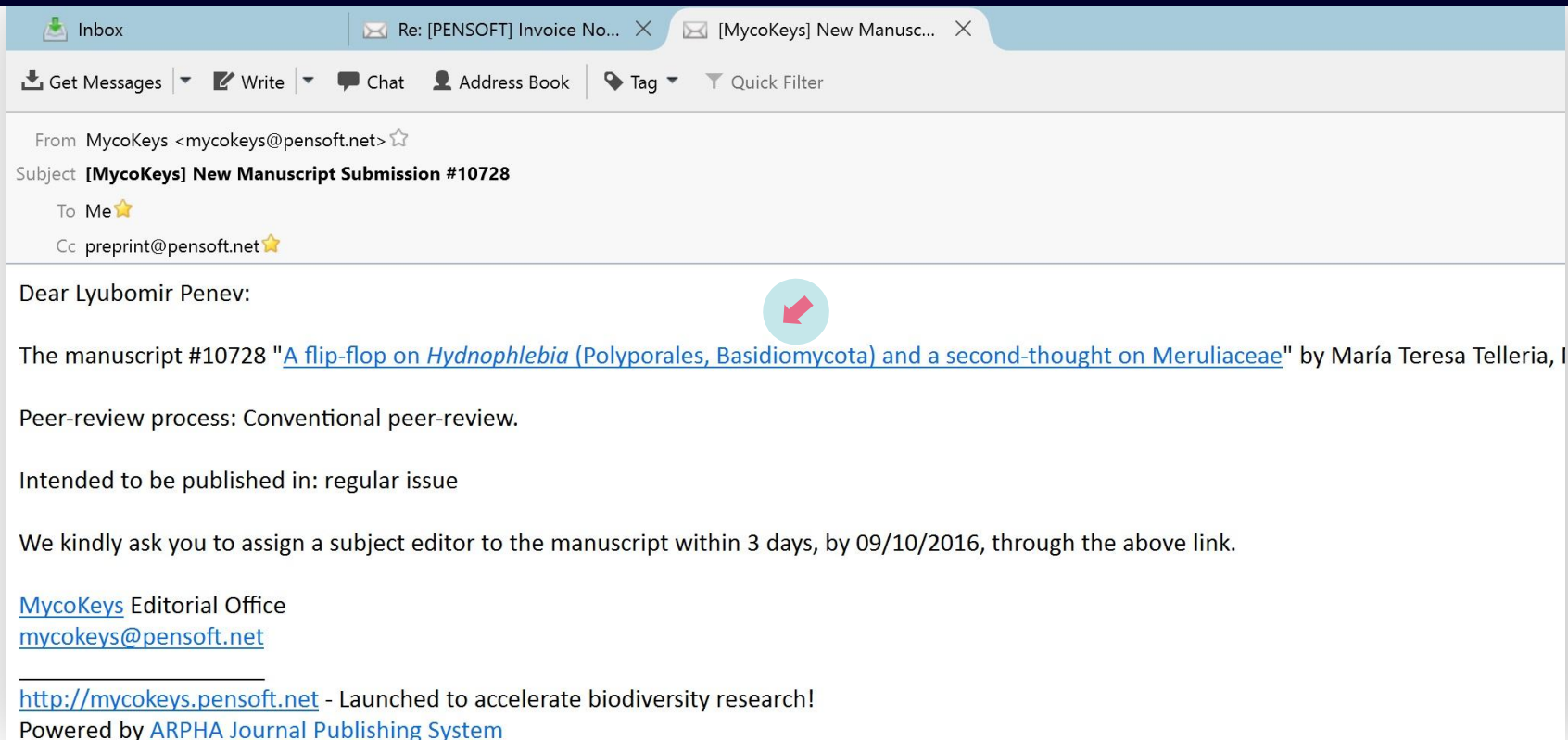
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[ZooKeys](#) Editorial Office
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<http://zookeys.pensoft.net> - Launched to accelerate biodiversity research!
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Доступ к рукописи по клику



The screenshot shows an email client interface. At the top, there are two tabs: "Inbox" and "Re: [PENSOFT] Invoice No...". The active tab is "[MycoKeys] New Manusc...". Below the tabs is a navigation bar with icons for "Get Messages", "Write", "Chat", "Address Book", "Tag", and "Quick Filter". The email content is as follows:

From MycoKeys <mycokeys@pensoft.net> ☆
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To Me ☆
Cc preprint@pensoft.net ☆

Dear Lyubomir Penev:

The manuscript #10728 "[A flip-flop on *Hydnophlebia* \(Polyporales, Basidiomycota\) and a second-thought on Meruliaceae](#)" by María Teresa Telleria, I

Peer-review process: Conventional peer-review.

Intended to be published in: regular issue

We kindly ask you to assign a subject editor to the manuscript within 3 days, by 09/10/2016, through the above link.

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Отчёты о статусе рукописей каждую неделю по email

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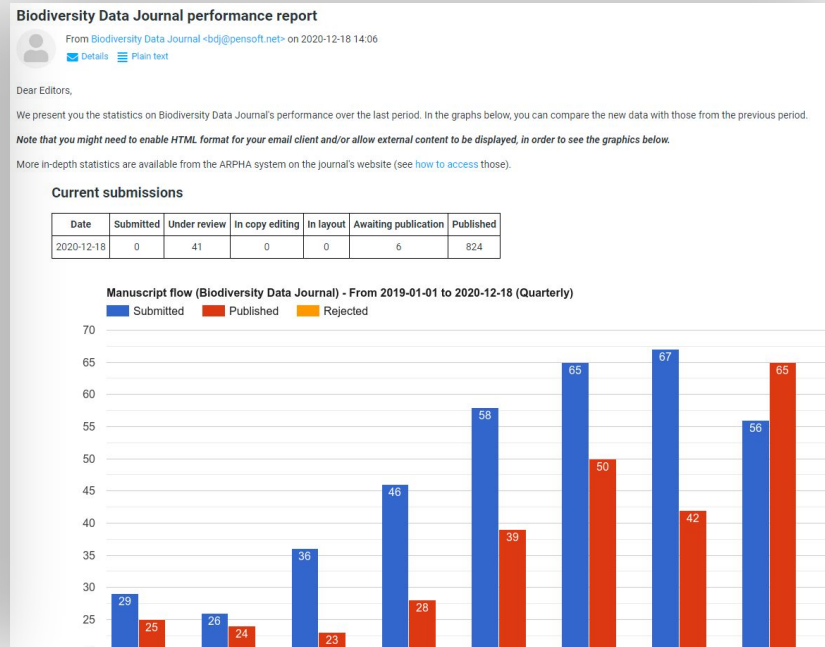
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20255	Online image databases as multi-purpose resources: Rickia wasmannii Cavara (Ascomycota: Laboulbeniales) on a new host ant from a new country by screening AntWeb.org Ferenc Báthori, Walter P. Pfliegler, Carl-Ulrich Zimmerman, András Tartally Subject editor: Petr Klimeš	review round 1	submit review	Alexander Wild	Late by 3 days
20218	Unique nest architecture in the North African osmiine bee <i>Hoplitis (Hoplitis) mucida</i> (Hymenoptera, Megachilidae) Andreas Müller, Volker Mauss, Rainer Prosi Subject editor: Jack Neff	review round 1	submit review	Christophe Pratz	Late by 12 days

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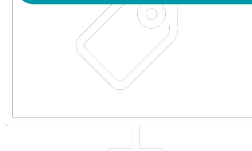
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MAANDBLAD VOOR ACCOUNTANCY EN BEDRIJFS-ECONOMIE

Lyubomir Penev

Article

Maandblad Voor Accountancy en Bedrijfseconomie 2(11): 146-147
https://doi.org/10.5117/mab.2.11948 (01 Nov 1925)

EENIGE BESCHOUWINGEN OVER GRONDSLAGEN DER INRICHTINGSLEER (slot)

▼ J. Paardekooper

1 of 2 Automatic Zoom

146 MAANDBLAD VOOR ACCOUNTANCY EN BEDRIJFSHUISHOUDKUNDE

EENIGE BESCHOUWINGEN OVER GRONDSLAGEN DER INRICHTINGSLEER

(Slot)

Zooda hiervoore reeds een boek opgemaakt, heeft het aardeven van meerdere deelen door één boek aardeven: men beperkt b.v. het aantal kolommen en daarmede b.v. statistisch materiaal (onderverdelingen) dat toch wel wenschelijk zou zijn, of ongeleerd verkrijgt men een ingewikkelde inlating en daarmede gebrek aan de overzichtelijkheid en moethoud in het bijwerken van het boek. Als voorbeeld van mogelijke combinatie werd boven reeds genoemd het verkoopboek, dat tevens al de biterenboek dieneet deed. In sommige gevallen kan dienstig zijn de combinatie: verkoopboek — verkoopboek — voorraadboek. Allereerst is de dubbele functie van het boek, dat ontvangsten en uitgaven bijeenverzamelt en sortert en tevens den kasvoorraad aantoonde, van dien algemeen gebruikelijke combinatie zien we reeds, dat ze in eenigen grote administraties niet voldoende en uiteindelijk in een boek voor ontvangsten en een voor uitgaven niet liefst een boekje voor kasvoorraad, dus voorraad-constateeringen.

2. Uit welke bronnen wordt het boek bijgewerkt, a. uit beschelden, b. uit andere boeken.

De inlating van het boek moet verland houden, wat velge orde van kolommen en opschrijven der kolommen betreft, met de inlating der bronnen; een verwijpingskolom naar archiefnummer of boekpagina mag niet ontbreken.

3. Waar moeten de gegevens van het boek verder heen; op welke wijze geschiedt dit het best en welke tijd mag er tusschen inlating en overdraging verlopen, (overdraging daardie, per week, enz.)

factor bij inrichting van boekensysteem en van de boeken zelf, ieder voor zich beschouwd, vallen nog de volgende overprijkingen te maken.

Overgezande tot dit laatste, de inrichting van de boeken zelf, ieder voor zich beschouwd, vallen nog de volgende overprijkingen te maken.

Bij een hulpmiddel is natuurlijk een der eerste vragen; welke journalnummers dienen periodiek uit het boek voort te vloeien.

De inlating eelst, zooda reeds hiervoore werd opgemerkt, aansluiting op de bronnen. Als een vaste reede bijzonderheden regelmatig voorkomen, moet voor dat gedeelte tabellaresche inrichting worden brout. Ook voor de oeschrivingskolom geldt dit; vaak is onderverdeling b.v. voor looneelid, facturatidatid, facturadnummer, e.d. wenschelid.

De inlating moet aansluiten bij het rekeningensysteem de event. journalboek moet ook gemakkelid mogelijk uit het boek kunnen worden opgemaakt; deze eelst komt in strijd met den eelst van beperking van het aantal kolommen; een „diverse“-kolom bield, als bekeerd, uitkomst. Uit den eerste eelst kan voortvloeien het plaatsen van saldo en E.M. posten in een kolom, die niet met het journalnummers verband heeft; de diverse kolommen bield diennoos plaats, ook de oeschrivingskolom kan hier dienen.

Zoo mogelijk moeten naast elkaar geplaatst worden die kolommen, die

1. bronnen bevatten gegevens, welke dienen voor het bijwerken van andere boeken; (b.v. folio rekening-omantboek naast de in dat laatste over te nemen bedrag).
2. gegevens bevatten, welke gewoonlijk als één geheel uitmuntend kunnen worden beschouwd en die steeds tezamen voorkomen.

Uit a samen als uit b vloeet gewonlid voort, dat de totaal-

My tasks Edit article Lyubomir Penev

Article Info Citation Metrics Comment Related

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Многофункциональная платформа: Open Access Books

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ACARORUM CATALOGUS VII

ACARORUM CATALOGUS VI

BIOGEOGRAPHIC ATLAS OF THE DEEP NW PACIFIC FAUNA

Synopsis of adventive species of Coleoptera (Diptera) recorded from Georgia. Part 5: Oryzomyzidae (Cerambycidae), Chrysomelidae, and Meghlophilidae

Опыт о насекомых-вредителях, поражающих древесину в республике Кавказе (исключая термитов)

AN ATLAS OF SPHAGNUM-DWELLING TESTATE AMOEBAE IN BULGARIA

<https://ab.pensoft.net/>

ADVANCED BOOKS

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My tasks Iva Kostadinova

Collection of Papers

Advanced Books
<https://doi.org/10.3897/ab.e12837> (30 Mar 2017)

Mapping Ecosystem Services

Benjamin Burkhard, Joachim Maes

Foreword

The world's economic prosperity and well-being are underpinned by its natural capital, i.e. its biodiversity, including ecosystems that provide essential goods and services for mankind, from fertile soils and multi-functional forests to productive land and seas, from good quality fresh water and clean air to pollination and climate regulation and protection against natural disasters. This is the reason why, for example, the first priority objective of the 7th Environment Action Programme (7th EAP) of the European Union (EU) is to protect, conserve and enhance the EU natural capital. In order to mainstream biodiversity in our socio-economic system, the 7th EAP highlights the need to integrate economic indicators with environmental and social indicators, including by means of natural capital accounting, to measure the changes in the stock of natural capital at a variety of levels, including both continental and national levels.

The EU Biodiversity Strategy to 2020 called on Member States to map and assess the state of ecosystems and their services in their national territory by 2014, with the assistance of the European Commission. The economic value of such services should also be assessed, and the integration of these values into accounting and reporting systems at EU and national level should be promoted by 2020 (see [Target 2](#), Action 5).

This specific action aims to provide a knowledge base on ecosystems and their services in Europe to underpin the achievement of the six specific biodiversity targets of the strategy as well as including a number of other sectoral policies such as agriculture, maritime affairs and fisheries and cohesion.

Mapping ecosystem services is essential to understand how ecosystems contribute to human wellbeing and to support policies which have an impact on natural resources. In 2013, an EU initiative on Mapping and Assessment of Ecosystems and their Services (MAES) was launched and a dedicated working group was established with Member States, scientific experts and relevant stakeholders. The first delivery was the development of a coherent *analytical framework* to be applied by the EU and its Member States in

PDF

Contents Book Info Citation Metrics Comment Related

Figs Tabs Refs Cited

2.1. A short history of the ecosystem services concept

Figure 1. Download

Dependence of Human Wellbeing on Natural, Social, Built and Human capital. Source: Costanza et al. 2014.

2.2. A natural base for ecosystem services

Figure 1. Download

Four complementary perspectives of biodiversity, applicable to four organisation levels (gene, species, ecosystem & landscape).

Figure 2. Download

Diagram sketching the relations between ecological structures and processes (self-organised ecosystem interactions), exemplary ecosystem functions and ecosystem services. The interrelations are also described in the following Chapter 2.3.

2.3. From nature to society

Figure 1. Download

The cascade model. Credit: Haines-Young and Potschin.

2.4. Categorisation systems: The classification challenge

Многофункциональная платформа: Материалы конференций

The screenshot shows the ARPHA Conference Abstracts website. At the top, there is a dark navigation bar with the PENSOFIT logo and links for 'About Pensoft', 'Books', 'Journals', 'News & Blog', 'Contact', 'Register', and 'Log In'. Below this is a white header with the ARPHA logo and 'Conference Abstracts' text, a search bar, and a 'Submit manuscript' button. A dark blue navigation bar contains links for 'Articles', 'About', 'How It Works', 'Editorial Team', and 'Contacts'. The main content area features a large image of a conference audience. Below the image is a row of ten teal water drop icons, each containing the ARPHA logo. To the right of these icons is a text block describing ARPHA Conference Abstracts (ACA) as a novel, open access platform. Below the text is an 'EMAIL ALERT' section with an input field and a 'Sign up' button.

ARPHA Conference Abstracts (ACA) is a novel, open access, human- and machine-readable platform designed to assist conference organisers and participants in authoring, submission, peer review, editorial management, publication and dissemination of conference abstracts in any field of science, published with DOI in semantic HTML, XML and PDF formats.

ARPHA Conference Abstracts allows for innovative publication of extended abstracts that may in addition to the narrative include also data, images, videos and multimedia. Video recordings of conference talks or graphic files of poster presentations can be uploaded in bulk after the conference and visualized on each abstract page. Conference organisers are given the opportunity to subdivide their abstract collections by

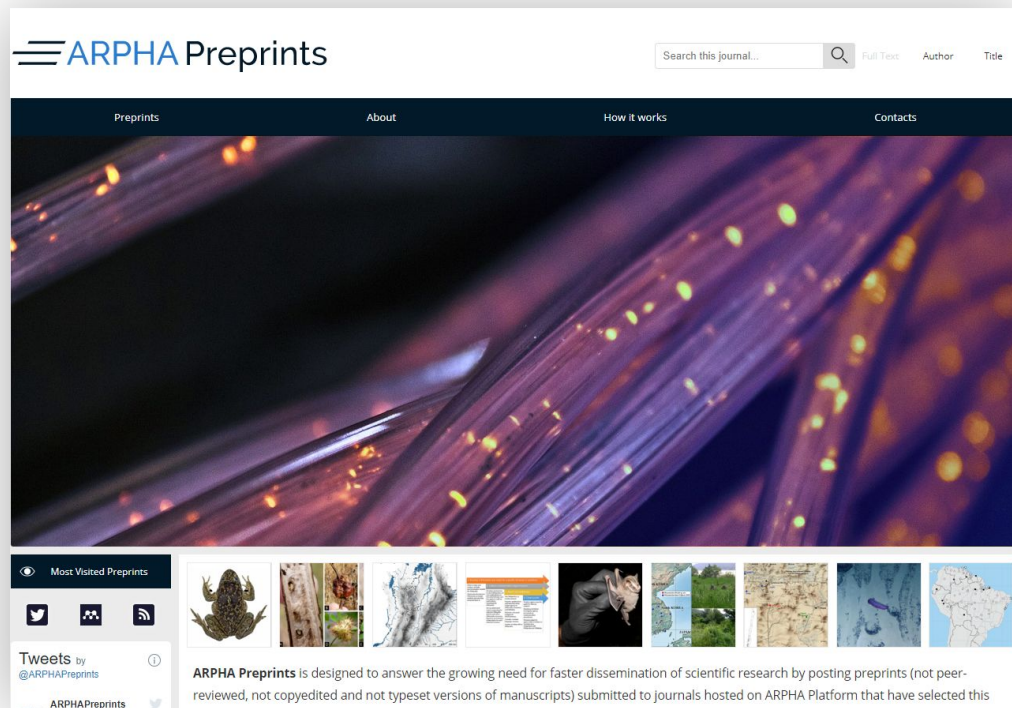
The screenshot shows the BISS Biodiversity Information Science and Standards website. It has a similar layout to the ARPHA site, with a dark navigation bar at the top. The header is white and features the BISS logo, 'Biodiversity Information Science and Standards' text, a search bar, and a 'Submit manuscript' button. The navigation bar is dark blue with links for 'Articles', 'About', 'Authoring in ARPHA Writing Tool', 'Editorial Team', and 'Contacts'. The main content area features a large image of a lizard on a branch with a BISS journal cover overlaid. Below the image is a row of ten globe icons, each with a dragonfly silhouette. To the right of these icons is a text block describing BISS as an innovative open access journal. Below the text is an 'EMAIL ALERT' section with an input field.

Biodiversity Information Science and Standards (BISS) is an innovative open access journal publishing abstracts related to biodiversity standards, methods, guidelines, models and applications in biodiversity informatics submitted to Biodiversity Information Standards (TDWG) for presentation at annual meetings.

The journal also publishes conventional research articles. They will only be considered if they illustrate the development or application of


Многофункциональная платформа: Препринты

- При подаче рукописи в журнал, опубликуйте препринт при помощи отметки соответствующего поля галочкой
- Двусторонняя связь между статьей и препринтов через CrossRef
- Препринты индексируются в соответствующих базах данных (например Google Scholar, OpenAIRE, ScienceOpen)



<https://preprints.arphahub.com/>

Инструкция пользования ARPHA для пользователей авторов, редакторов и рецензентов на русском и английском языке

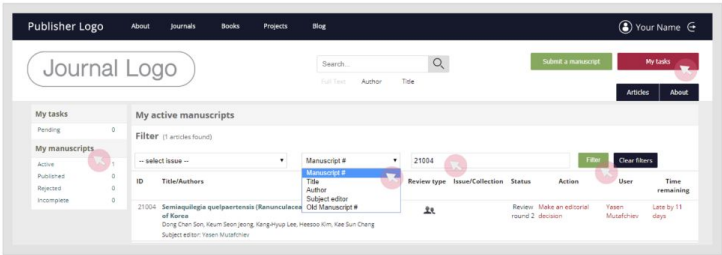
Platform Services Publishing models Journals Contacts

Manual

- User accounts
 - Create a new ARPHA account
 - Update profile
 - Merge multiple accounts
 - User dashboard and tasks
 - Submit a manuscript
 - Browse manuscripts
 - Clickable objects
- Journal manager (JM)
 - Role
 - Rights
 - Modify information on the journal's website
 - Access incomplete manuscripts
 - Access journal statistics
 - Set article types
 - Set classifications
 - Access all automated emails sent from the system
- Managing Editor and Editor-in-Chief (E)
 - Role
 - Rights
 - Create new user accounts
 - Access user database

Browse manuscripts

- Find your manuscripts in the **My manuscripts** menu grouped by their status (**Active**, **Published**, **Rejected** and **Incomplete**). To browse through the manuscripts, click a status group to see the full list. The figure next to each category indicates the number of manuscripts in it.
- Browse the list using any filter. Filter out manuscripts by their issue or a type of details available in the dropdown list in the second field.



ID	Title/Authors	Manuscript #	Review type	Issue/Collection	Status	Action	User	Time remaining	
21004	Sendaiqingha qielpaeromala (Banancolase) of Korea Song Chan-Soo, Naum Seon-Jong, Kang Myu-Lee, Heeso Kim, Kee Sun-Chang Subject editor: Naum Seon-Jong	21004	Incomplete			Review	Make an editorial round2 Jasson	Yoon Muafshin	Late by 11 days

Note: Make sure to fill in the number / text in the leftmost field according to the criteria you have set in the middle field (e.g. type in the name of the author in the leftmost field only after you have selected **Author** in the middle one).

Личный подход в технической поддержке и консультировании



Ignacio Palomo
@ignacio_palomo_

Looking for an #openaccess, transparent and innovative venue for your publications and datasets? At an affordable price and with quick turn-around? Have a look at @OneEcosystem oneecosystem.pensoft.net and this great team of editors!



Benjamin Burkhard and 5 others

3:04 PM · Mar 5, 2021 · Twitter Web App

9 Retweets 2 Quote Tweets 21 Likes



OneEcosystem
@OneEcosystem

Today, we enjoyed a really helpful & inspirational meeting with our editors & our publishers @Pensoft! Stay tuned for some news from #OneEcosystem! 😊

#Ecology #EcosystemServices #Sustainability #OpenScience

Ignacio Palomo @ignacio_palomo_ · Mar 5
Looking for an #openaccess, transparent and innovative venue for your publications and datasets? At an affordable price and with quick turn-around? Have a look at @OneEcosystem oneecosystem.pensoft.net and this great team of editors!

















PlantSociology
@PlantSociology

Meeting of Editorial Board, together with @Pensoft, looking at new strategies to bring up our voice and your papers to a larger audience. Submit your paper to @PlantSociology



Доступные и гибкие ценовые модели

HIGH-LEVEL GROUPS OF TOOLS & SERVICES (for a detailed description of the platform and services, please see the table below)	BASIC	ADVANCED	PREMIUM
Website design & setup of end-to-end journal publishing platform 	✓	✓	✓
Submission and pre-review management system 	✓	✓	✓
Peer review and editorial management system 	✓	✓	✓
Production management system 	✓	✓	✓
Copy editing & light-weight language editing 			✓
Typesetting & proofreading services 			✓
Conversion and publication of full-text article in HTML & XML 		✓	✓
PDF publishing services 	✓	✓	✓
Hosting, indexing & archiving 	✓	✓	✓
Distribution & dissemination 	✓	✓	✓
Usage  and management statistics 	✓	✓	✓
Journal promotion package 		✓	✓
Journal development support 			✓
Integration with ARPHA Preprints platform	✓	✓	✓

https://arphahub.com/about/pricing_plans



ONE-TIME SETUP FEE: Website & platform standard technical setup ¹ (Individual website design, logo, article layout, cover, social media profiles, etc.)	€ 1,500	€ 1,500	€ 1,500
ANNUAL FEE ¹ : License, hosting, technical maintenance & support	€ 3,000	€ 3,000	€ 3,000
Manuscript Submission Charge	0	0	0
Article Processing Charge ²	Ask for a quote	Ask for a quote	Ask for a quote
EXEMPLAR TOTAL ANNUAL COST PER JOURNAL	Ask for a quote	Ask for a quote	Ask for a quote
<p>¹ Discounts available for 3+ journals.</p> <p>² APC can be covered either by the journal, third parties, authors, or through mixed models.</p> <p>Note 1: All prices are excluded of VAT.</p> <p>Note 2: Journals published in ARPHA should be compliant with DOAJ criteria for publishing quality and ethics.</p> <p>Note 3: Combinations between plans or features included in them are negotiable.</p>			

Функции, разработанные ARPHA

ARPHA and Pensoft launch one-stop preprint & journal submission in selected journals

Authors in participating ARPHA-hosted journals can now post their manuscripts on ARPHA Preprints upon submission in a click

PENSOFT PUBLISHERS

Science Business Announcement



PRINT E-MAIL

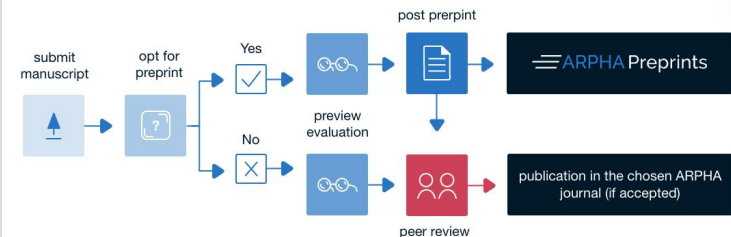
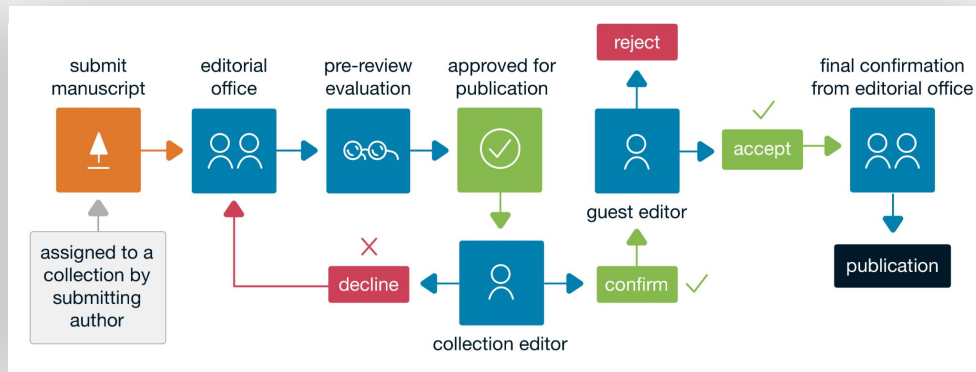
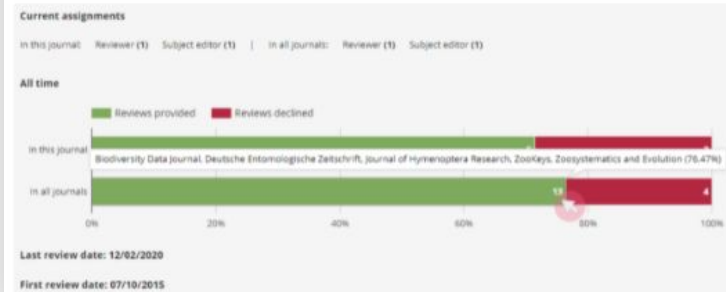


IMAGE: ARPHA PREPRINTS PUBLICATION WORKFLOW IN PARTICIPATING ARPHA-HOSTED JOURNALS. [view more >](#)



Специальный процесс для работы над рукописями специальных выпусков / тематических коллекций для журналов платформы ARPHA

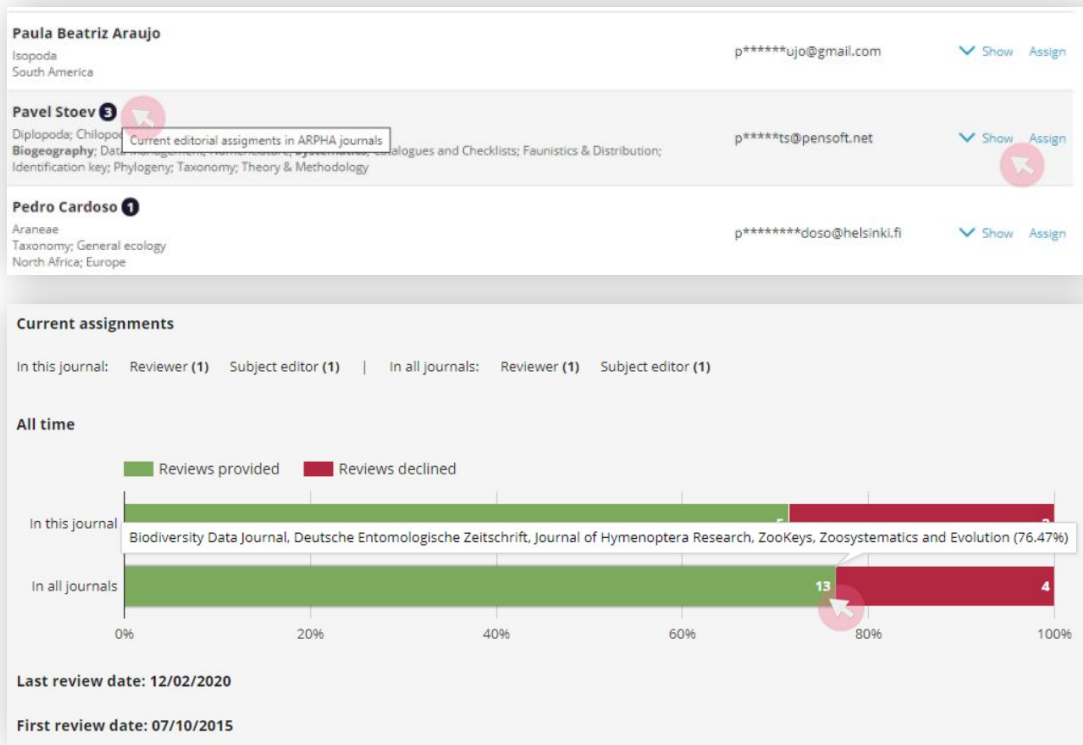
Workload for reviewers and subject editors



Последние нововведения: Нагрузка рецензентов и тематических редакторов

When assigning a subject editor or reviewer, the editor can see:

- Current assignments at this and other ARPHA-hosted journals
- All-time completed and declined editorial and review tasks
- Names of associated ARPHA-hosted journals



Интеграции со сторонними сервисами

Contributor roles for co-authors Contributor Roles Taxonomy

Determined to always give credit where credit is due, while promoting transparency in academia and scholarship, we enabled submitting authors to assign each co-author with a role, depending on his/her primary contribution to the preparation of the manuscript. Thus, once published, a paper will clearly indicate the author who has, for example, conceptualised the study, developed the utilised software or written the original draft.

The options available in the drop-down menu follow CRediT (Contributor Roles Taxonomy): a high-level taxonomy, which includes 14 roles typically assumed by contributors to scholarly output.

STEP 3: Submission metadata

Authors

Order	Name	Email	Affiliation	City	Country	Corresponding author	Actions	Contrib roles
▼ 1	Iva Kostadinova *	ikostadinova@pensoft.net	Pensoft Publishers	Sofia	Bulgaria	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	edit	
▼ 2	Maria Ivanchevska	miivanchevska@pensoft.net	Pensoft Publishers	Sofia	Bulgaria	<input type="checkbox"/>	edit delete make submitting author	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px;">Conceptualization Data curation * Only the submitting author can handle * After submission, if necessary, the submitting author can handle analysis Please note that this change can be made only by email Handling equipment Investigation</div>

Add co-authors
Please search Pensoft's database by typing the name of your co-author(s) in the field below.
If a co-author is not present in the database, please add their name, email and affiliation via the 'add a new author' button at the bottom of the list.

All articles published in journals on ARPHA at your fingertips with the Researcher app

PENSOFT PUBLISHERS

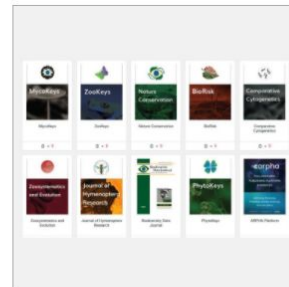


Science Business Announcement



PRINT E-MAIL

Following a recent integration with the novel, social network-style research discovery app [Researcher](#), the scholarly publishing platform ARPHA has taken yet another step to ensure scholarly publications from across its open-access, peer-reviewed journal portfolio are as easy to find and read as possible. Now, research papers published in all [Pensoft's](#), as well as all other [journals hosted on ARPHA](#), can reach the 1.8 million current users of Researcher directly on their screens.



Similarly to the world's best known and used social media networks: Twitter, LinkedIn and Facebook, Researcher allows its users, scientists and academics, to follow

IMAGE: RESEARCH PAPERS PUBLISHED IN ALL PENSOFT'S AND ALL OTHER JOURNALS HOSTED ON ARPHA PLATFORM CAN REACH THE 1.8 MILLION CURRENT USERS OF RESEARCHER DIRECTLY ON THEIR SMARTPHONES. [view more >](#)

All Pensoft journals integrated with Publons to recognize your contribution as a reviewer

Pensoft Editorial Team

January 21, 2016

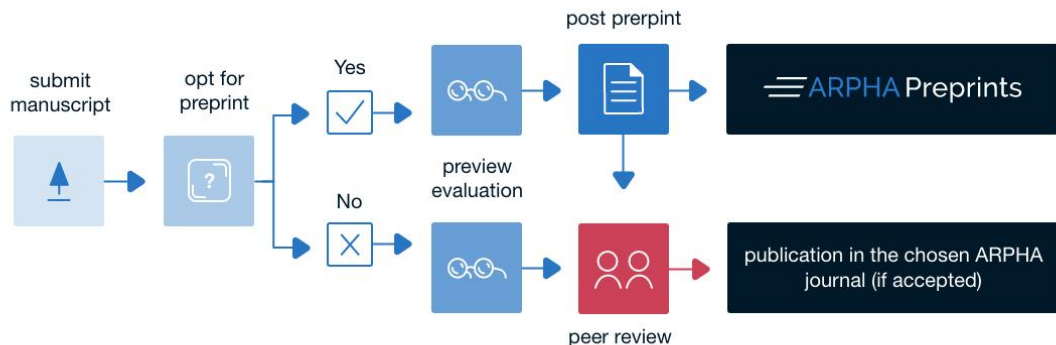


Tweet

With both [Pensoft](#) and [Publons](#) aiming to facilitate scientific research and its introduction to the wide world, it only makes sense for the two to join efforts in a campaign to speed up publications, while giving the rightful credit to reviewers. From now on, anyone who makes this contribution to any of the 15 Pensoft journals will be able to opt-in to get credit for their peer reviews on Publons.

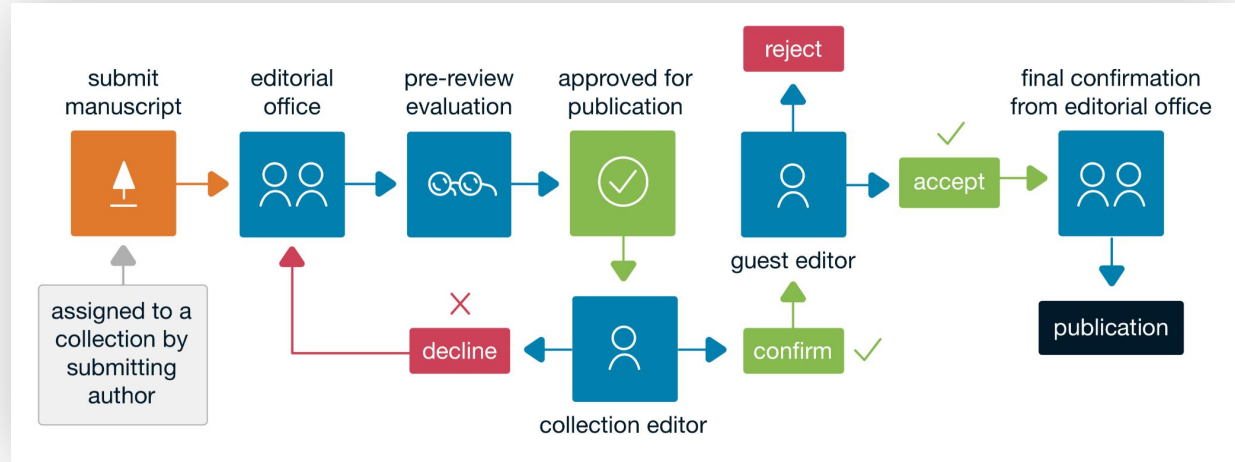
Последние нововведения: ARPHA Preprints

- **Одновременная подача** рукописи и препринта
- Препринт доступен **через несколько дней** после подачи рукописи в журнал
- Препринты индексируются в соответствующих базах данных
- Препринты получают **DOI от CrossRef**
- **Двусторонняя связь** между препринтом и опубликованной статьей



Последние нововведения: Инструменты управления коллекциями

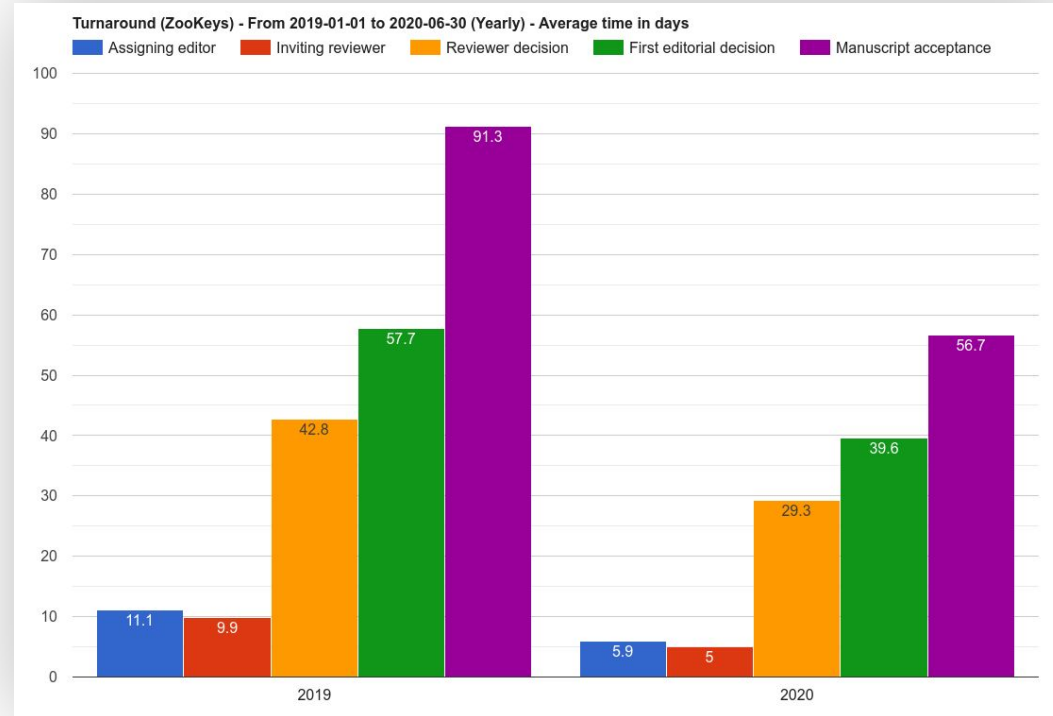
- Кнопка “**Edit a Special issue**” на главной странице журнала для предложения коллекций
- Форма с предложением отправляется напрямую Главному редактору
- Два типа ролей для приглашенных редакторов: Редактор коллекции и Приглашенный редактор
- Главный редактор может контролировать процесс в случае необходимости



Последние нововведения: Статистика по развитию журнала

В любое время **Ответственный и Главный редактор** имеют доступ к следующим показателям:

- Число рукописей в работе
- Средние временные затраты на статью
- Сроки рецензирования и число раундов
- рецензирования
- Международность публикаций
- % принятия / отказа
- Просмотры статей и онлайн-упоминания



Последние нововведения: Отчёты о развитии журнала

Дважды в год Главный и Ответственные редакторы получают следующую статистику:

- Текущие рукописи и их статус
- Информация о поданных, опубликованных и отклоненных рукописях
- Средние временные затраты на статью
- Приглашения к рецензированию, отклонение приглашений, раунды рецензирования
- % принятия / отказа
- Просмотры статей и онлайн-упоминания
- Международность публикаций
- Journal Impact Factor и тренды CiteScore

Biodiversity Data Journal performance report

From Biodiversity Data Journal <bdj@pensoft.net> on 2020-12-18 14:06
[Details](#) [Plain text](#)

Dear Editors,

We present you the statistics on Biodiversity Data Journal's performance over the last period. In the graphs below, you can compare the new data with those from the previous period.

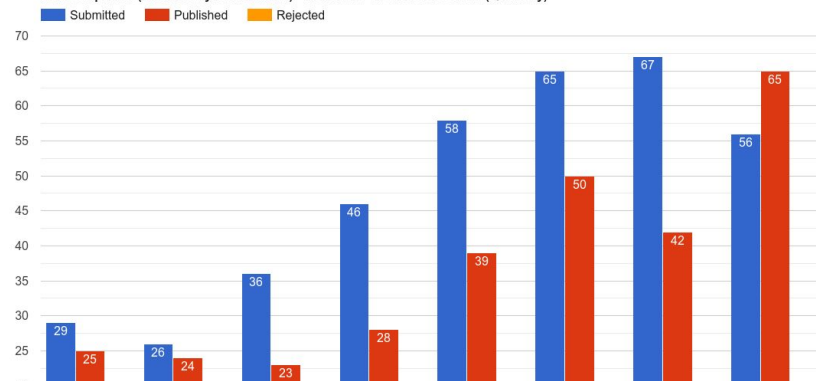
Note that you might need to enable HTML format for your email client and/or allow external content to be displayed, in order to see the graphics below.

More in-depth statistics are available from the ARPHA system on the journal's website (see [how to access those](#)).

Current submissions

Date	Submitted	Under review	In copy editing	In layout	Awaiting publication	Published
2020-12-18	0	41	0	0	6	824

Manuscript flow (Biodiversity Data Journal) - From 2019-01-01 to 2020-12-18 (Quarterly)



Последние нововведения: Рейтинг рецензентов

Редактор может оценить рецензента по 5-бальной шкале, чтобы помочь следующему редактору в выборе рецензента.

The screenshot displays a journal submission review page. At the top, there is a navigation bar with 'Publisher Logo', 'About', 'Journals', 'Books', 'Projects', and 'Blog'. A search bar is present with the text 'Search this journal...'. On the right, there are buttons for 'Submit a manuscript' and 'My tasks', and a user profile 'Your Name'. Below the navigation, there is a 'Journal Logo' and a search bar with filters for 'Full-Text', 'Author', and 'Title'. The main content area shows 'Submission #56131' with the title 'A revision of the *Aleiodes bakeri* (Brues) species-subgroup of the *A. seriatus* species-group with the descriptions of 18 new species from the Neotropical Region (Hymenoptera: Braconidae: Rogadinae)'. The authors listed are Scott R. Shaw, Eduardo M. Shimbori, and Angelica M. Pentead-Dias. A yellow banner indicates 'Your review has been submitted successfully!'. Below this, there are options for 'Recommendation: Accept', 'Show my name to the author(s): Yes', and 'Date submitted: 13 Jul 2020'. A star rating system shows 5 stars selected. A 'Review:' section contains a link to the full-text review. At the bottom, there is a 'Questions & Answers' table with columns for 'Yes', 'Moderately', 'No', and 'N/A'.

Questions & Answers	Yes	Moderately	No	N/A
Do the title, abstract and keywords accurately reflect the content of the manuscript and underlying data?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Is the topic of the manuscript suitable for publication in the journal?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Is the manuscript written in grammatically correct English?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Последние нововведения: Упрощенное обновление экспертизы

Несколько раз в год автоматическое уведомление напоминает пользователям обновить свою экспертизу для поддержания актуальности базы данных редакторов и рецензентов.

Expertise description

Is your expertise description up to date? Please correct it if necessary.

Scientific subject	Biological taxon
<input type="checkbox"/> Economy <ul style="list-style-type: none"><input type="checkbox"/> (A) General Economics and Teaching<input type="checkbox"/> (B) History of Economic Thought, Methodology, and Het<input type="checkbox"/> (C) Mathematical and Quantitative Methods<input type="checkbox"/> (D) Microeconomics<input type="checkbox"/> (E) Macroeconomics and Monetary Economics<input type="checkbox"/> (F) International Economics<input type="checkbox"/> (G) Financial Economics<input type="checkbox"/> Global economy<input type="checkbox"/> (H) Public Economics<input type="checkbox"/> (I) Health, Education, and Welfare<input type="checkbox"/> (J) Labor and Demographic Economics<input type="checkbox"/> (K) Law and Economics	

If you cannot find some of your fields of expertise in the predefined categories, please use the free-text box to enter them as keywords.

Последние нововведения: Вклад со-авторов

Интеграция с CRediT (Contributor Roles Taxonomy) позволяет автору, загрузившему рукопись в систему, указать роли авторов в работе над статьей и отметить индивидуальный вклад каждого.



Contributor Roles Taxonomy

STEP 3: Submission metadata

Authors

Order	Name	E-mail	Affiliation	City	Country	Corresponding author	Actions	CRediT roles
▼ ▲	Iva Kostadinova *	dissemination@pensoft.net	Pensoft Publishers	Sofia	Bulgaria	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Edit	
▼ ▲	Maria Kolesnikova	m.kolesnikova@pensoft.net	Pensoft Publishers	Sofia	Bulgaria	<input type="checkbox"/>	Edit Delete Make submitting author	<ul style="list-style-type: none">ConceptualizationData curationFormal analysisFunding acquisitionInvestigation

* Only the submitting author can handle
* After submission, if necessary, the submitting author can
Please note that this change can be made only by the pe


Add co-authors

Please search Pensoft's database by typing the name of your co-author(s) in the field below.

If a co-author is not present in the database, please add their name, email and affiliation via the 'Add a new author' button at the bottom of the list.



A better home for your journal!

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